



# *USB On-The-Go System Software*

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# *Agenda*

- ◆ **USB On-The-Go System Software Overview**
  - Host, Peripheral, USB On-The-Go
  - Class Drivers
- ◆ **Software Challenges**
- ◆ **Typical System Requirements**
  - CPU
  - Memory
  - Other software components
- ◆ **USB On-The-Go Application Examples**
  - Cell Phone
  - PDA



# *USB On-The-Go System Software Overview*



# ***What kind of USB Software do I need?***

## **◆ USB Peripheral**

- My device will connect into a host (B receptacle)**
- Implements specific “device” functionality**

## **◆ USB Host**

- Peripherals will connect to my host (A receptacle)**

## **◆ USB On-The-Go (mini-AB receptacle)**

- PDA to mobile phone**
- Mobile phone to mobile phone**
- Digital camera to printer**

# ***What kind of USB Software do I need?***

## **◆ USB Peripheral**

- Incapable of initiating USB data transfers (only responds to host requests)**
- Application specific (e.g. mass storage, communication device, simple data transfer)**
- May require special Windows Driver (large software investment)  
Use built-in Windows support where possible.**
- For most USB Full-Speed applications, the software is largely firmware based, typically for micro-controller based systems**
- For USB High-Speed applications, the throughput requirements introduce more complex systems (operating systems, 32 bit microprocessors)**
- Generally, single purpose software**

# ***What kind of USB Software do I need?***

## **◆ USB Host**

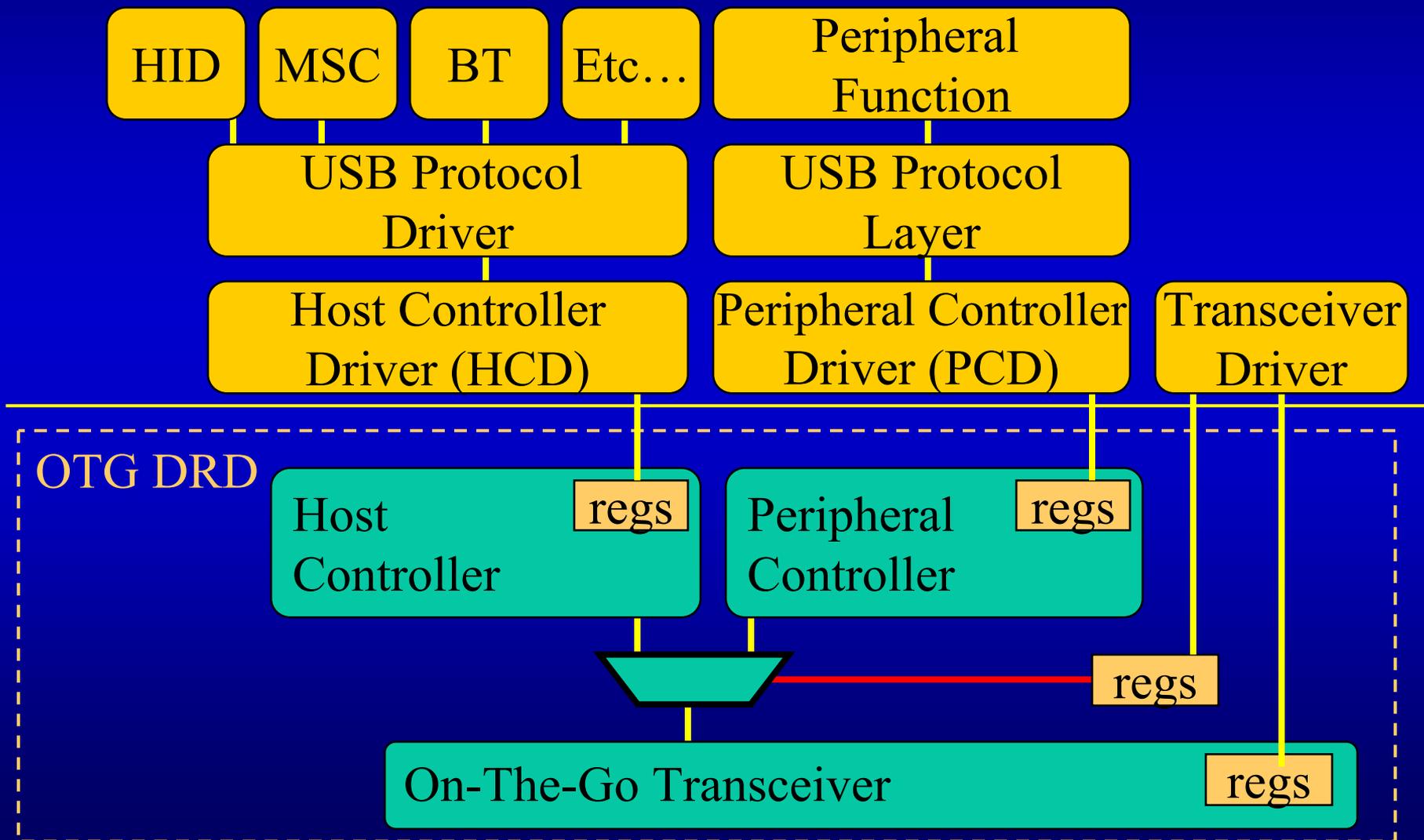
- Manages and controls the bus**
- Initiates all data packet activity on the bus**
- Detects peripheral insertion / extraction**
- Enumerates inserted USB devices and matches device to a particular class driver**
- System is typically consists of complex software applications with an operating system and 32 bit microprocessor**
- Class driver needed for each device or class of devices**

# ***What kind of USB Software do I need?***

## **◆ USB On-The-Go**

- Capable of both Host and Peripheral Operation (dual role device or DRD)**
- DRD is a compliant USB peripheral when operating in this mode**
- Transceiver Driver to support new USB On-The-Go protocols**
  - ◆ Host Negotiation Protocol**
  - ◆ Session Request Protocol**
- Targeted Peripheral List**
  - ◆ Manufacturer, model number**
- No Silent Failures**
  - ◆ API for higher layer software to receive errors for messaging**
- Power Management**

# Logical USB On-The-Go Architecture



# *What USB Devices does my design need to support?*



# ***USB-IF Standard Classes***

## **Standard USB-IF defined Class Specifications**

- **HID (Human Interface Device)**  
Mouse, keyboard, joystick, etc.
- **Hub (defined in the USB 2.0 Specification)**
- **Printer**
- **Digital Image Capture Class (a.k.a. PTP, PIMA)**
- **Audio Class**  
Speakers, Microphones, MIDI Devices
- **Mass storage**  
USB hard drives, Zip drives, flash card readers, some digital cameras
- **Communications**  
ACM (analog modems, cell-phones)  
ECM (cable modems)  
Others...
- **USB Chip/Smart Card Interface Devices**
- **IRDA Bridge Device Class**
- **USB Monitor Control Class**
- **Video Class**

# *Proprietary Protocols*

## **Other Standards Bodies**

- USB Bluetooth HCI (defined in Bluetooth Specification Appendix)
- MS RNDIS (cable modems, other “ethernet” type devices)

## **Manufacture Specific**

- USB-to-Serial (legacy adapters, PDAs)
- USB-to-Ethernet (chipset specific, some require firmware)
- MP3 Players (some use Mass Storage)
- Some Digital Still Cameras
- Web Cams
- Video Capture Devices
- Host-to-Host Cables

# *What protocol should I implement as a peripheral?*

## ◆ Simple PC Transfer

- Mass Storage Class (MSC)
- Media Transfer Protocol (support in Longhorn)
- Active Sync, Palm Hot Sync, Symbian Connect...

## ◆ Application Specific Implementations

- USB-to-Ethernet (Comm Class, RNDIS, other)
- USB-to-Serial (ACM-Serial Emulation other)
- Video Cameras (Video Class, proprietary)
- Audio devices (Audio Class, proprietary)
- DSC (DSC Class based on PTP Protocol)

# Software Challenges



# *Software Challenges*

- ◆ **No native support for USB On-The-Go in any OS today**
  - Third party solutions available
- ◆ **No “Open” Standard for USB On-The-Go Controllers**
  - **Discrete Chips (proprietary interfaces)**
    - ◆ TransDimension TD243, TD242
    - ◆ Philips 1362
    - ◆ Others...
  - **Silicon IP**
    - ◆ TransDimension OTGIP
    - ◆ Synopsys DesignWare USB OTG Component
    - ◆ Sciworx USB 1.1 Combo
    - ◆ Mentor Graphics Inventra USB OTG IP
    - ◆ Others...

## ***Software Challenges (continued)***

- ◆ **USB touches on many different aspects of a system:**
  - File System for USB hard drives, card readers, or CD-ROMs
  - TCP/IP Networking for ECM or USB-to-Ethernet support
  - Printer drivers for USB printing applications
  - Comm port for ACM (USB modem) connectivity
  - Audio subsystem for playing music (USB speakers) or recording sound (USB microphones)
- ◆ **So many USB devices, so little time**
  - USB-IF defined classes vs. proprietary classes
- ◆ **Embedded designs have a tendency to change over time**
  - Different operating systems
  - Different CPUs
  - Different USB On-The-Go hardware



# System Considerations



# ***Common System Challenges***

## **◆ Software Complexity**

- Host applications generally require significantly more software than traditional peripheral firmware.
- Many Classes of Devices requiring many different device drivers

## **◆ Power**

- USB On-The-Go Specification calls for a minimum of 8mA
- Most devices require a minimum of 100mA
- Look at targeted peripheral list to determine amount of power required for your application

## **◆ CPU Utilization**

- Directly related to USB throughput
- Many USB controllers interrupt frequently

# *System Requirements*

## ◆ CPU Utilization

- Frequency of Interrupts (fewer is better)
- Data Movement
  - ◆ Data bus size (8 bit vs. 16 bit vs. 32 bit)
- Direct Memory Access (DMA)
  - ◆ Slave DMA
  - ◆ Bus Mastering DMA

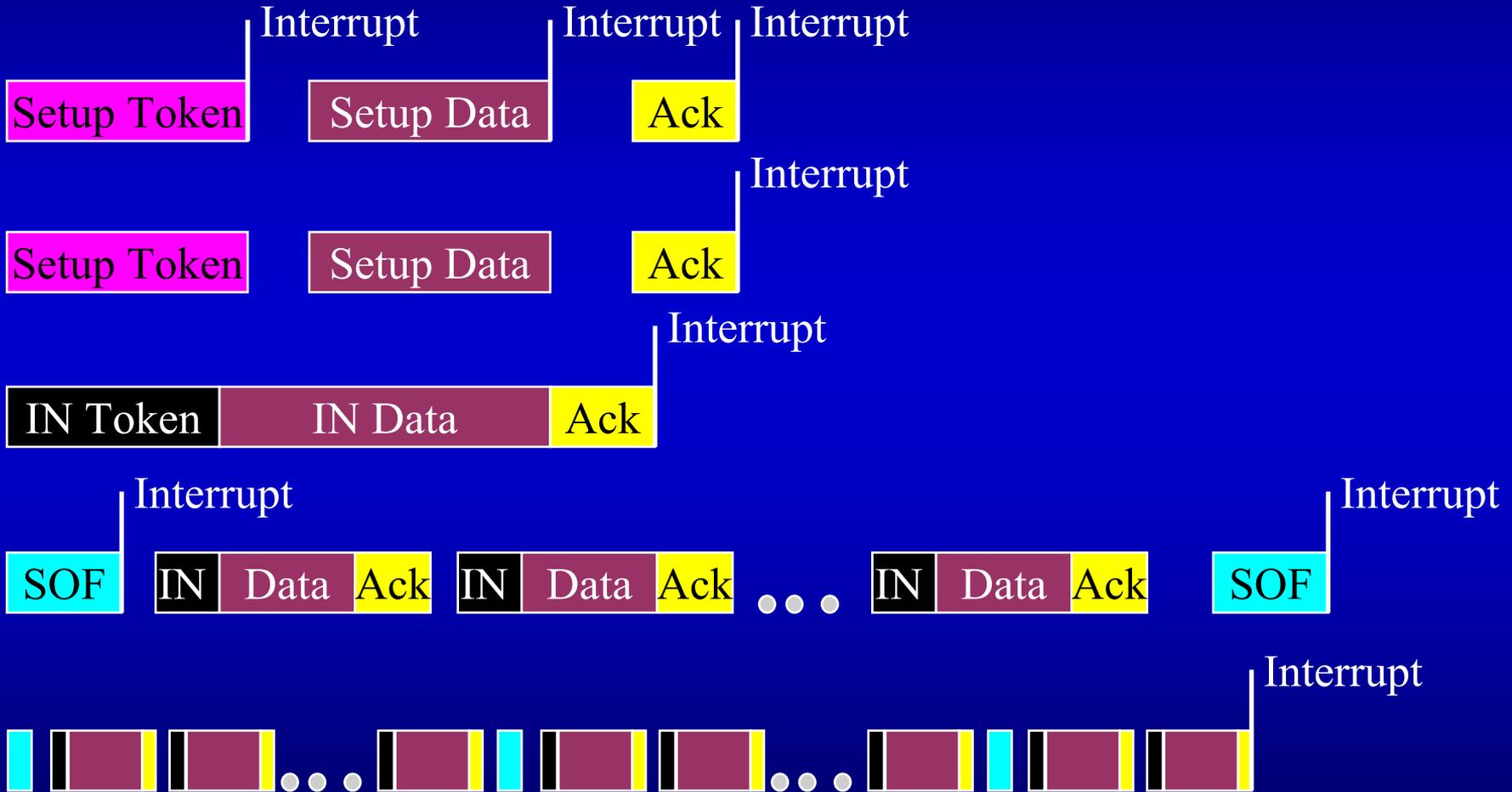
## ◆ Memory Requirements

- Single while loop vs. operating system
- Targeted Peripheral List (i.e. number of devices supported)

## ◆ Additional Software beyond USB

- File system ( Mass Storage Applications)
- PCL (Printer Control Language for graphics printing)
- TCP/IP Stack (Networking applications, USB-to-Ethernet)
- Bluetooth Stack (USB-to-Bluetooth)

# System Requirements Interrupt Frequency



# ***System Requirements***

## ***Direct Memory Access (DMA)***

### **◆ Bus Mastering**

- Controller is capable of accessing system memory directly
- Possible in SOC designs (Silicon IP), less likely in discrete chip implementations

### **◆ DMA Slave**

- Controller requires a DMA Master to move data to and from the controller
- Supported in most discrete USB On-The-Go implementations
  - ◆ Adds a level of complexity to the software for Host transfer scheduling
  - ◆ Reduces CPU utilization as data movement is off loaded from CPU
  - ◆ Reduces USB throughput as transaction scheduling is less deterministic

# ***System Requirements***

## ***Memory Requirements***

- ◆ **USB On-The-Go Implementations**
  - Simple USB On-The-Go implementations may utilize while(1)
  - OS likely to be present
  - RAM Requirements (32-128K)
  - ROM Requirements (70-150K)
- ◆ **Targeted Peripheral List**
  - Manufacturer, model number list
  - The more device classes are supported the more ROM and RAM required in the system
  - Lists can become outdated quickly
  - Standards required to help alleviate software burden

# ***System Requirements***

## ***Other Software Required***

- ◆ **USB-to-Bluetooth**
  - Bluetooth Stack
- ◆ **Mass Storage Devices**
  - File system
  - FAT 12/16, FAT 32 for most HDs and memory media
  - UDF
  - ISO9660
- ◆ **Networking Devices**
  - USB-to-Ethernet
  - USB-to-802.11
  - Communications Class Devices
- ◆ **USB Printers**
  - PCL (Printer Control Language) Driver
  - Direct Print Standard (DPS), Direct print from DSC to Printer

# System Requirements

## Other Software Required

**Applications**

**Operating System**

Network Architecture	File System	Printer Driver
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USB to Ethernet Driver	Mass Storage Class	Printer Class
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USB host protocol stack

USB On-The-Go controller driver

USB On-The-Go controller

USB-to 802.11	Printer	Digital camera	Other
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- Examples -
- MP3 downloads
  - Digital picture uploads & downloads
  - Wireless networking
  - File/print sharing
  - Gaming

**USB Software**

**Embedded Host System**

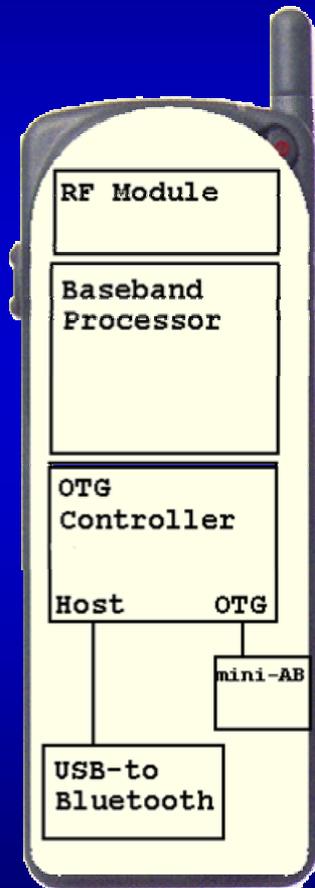
**Devices**



# *Application Examples*



# Mobile Handset Application



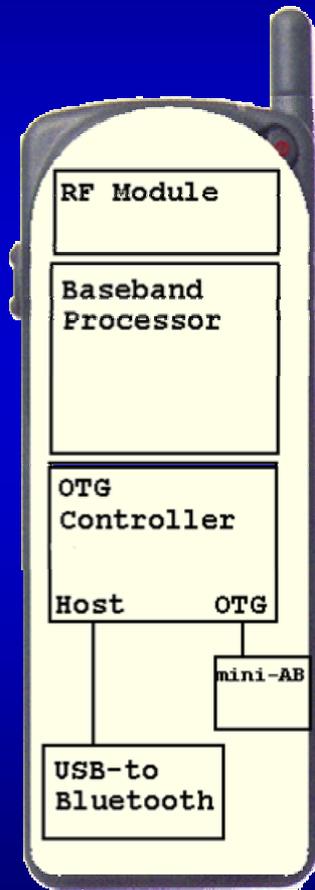
## USB On-The-Go Controller (2 ports)

- Internal Host port
  - ◆ USB-to-Bluetooth chipset
- External Mini-AB
  - ◆ Connection as a peripheral
    - ⌘ Communication Class
  - ◆ Connection as Host
    - ⌘ Support for Disk-on-Key (MSC)
    - ⌘ Mobile-to-Mobile Connectivity (Proprietary)

## Power

- External mini-AB to supply 100mA

# Mobile Handset App - Software



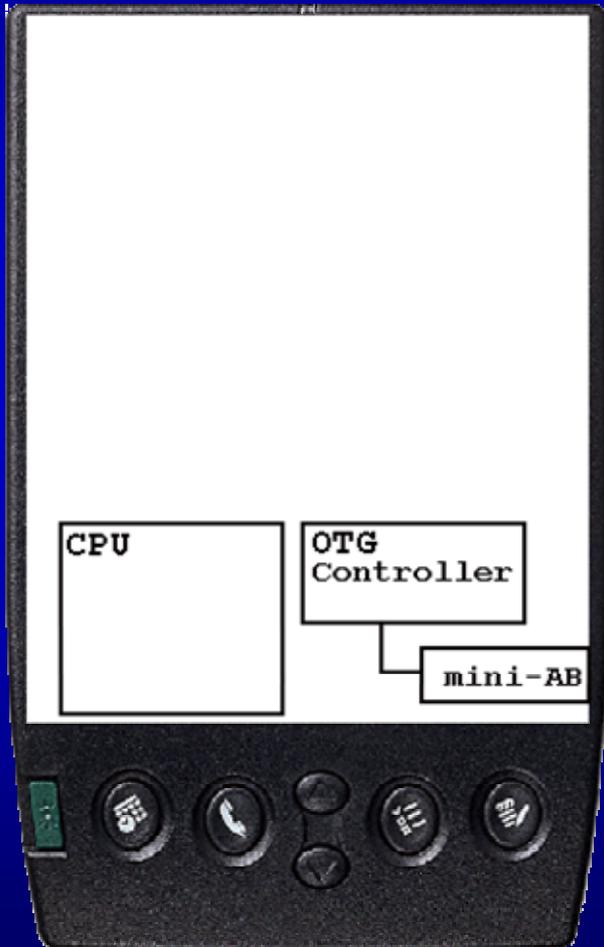
## Host Software

- USB-to-Bluetooth
  - ◆ Requires tie-in to Bluetooth Stack
- Mass Storage Devices
  - ◆ Requires tie-in to File System

## Peripheral

- As a peripheral, the device controller supports the Communications Class Specification as an ACM device to be used as a modem call out device.

# *PDA Application*



## USB On-The-Go Hardware

- Discrete Hardware Implementation
  - ◆ USB On-The-Go controller connected to CPU system bus.
- External mini-AB connector for operation as a Dual Role Device (DRD)

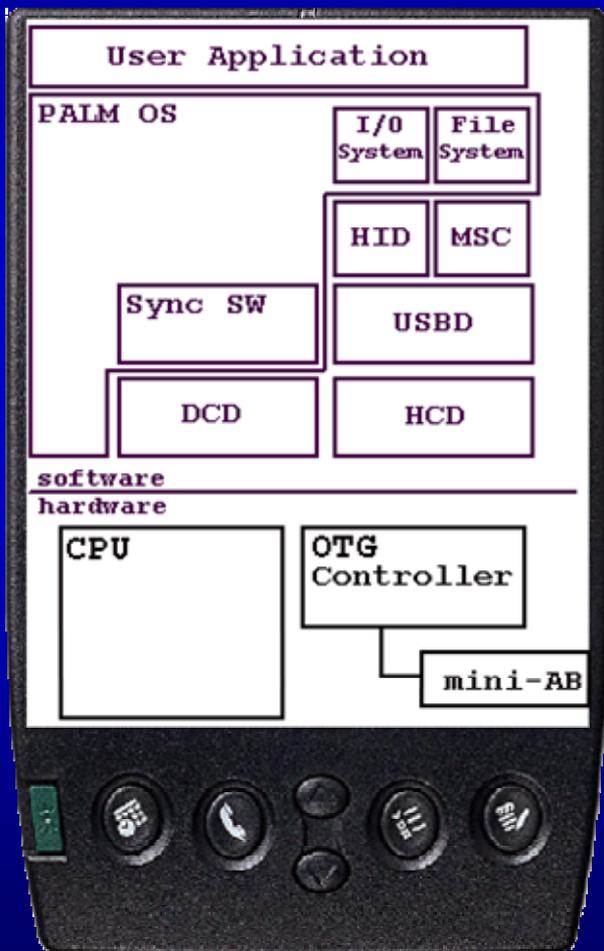
## Applications

- As a peripheral, to support the existing PALM PC Sync software.
- As a Host, to allow Disk-on-key (thumb drives) to transfer files to/from the PALM device.

## Power

- External mini-AB to supply 100mA

# PDA Application - Software



## Host Software

- **HID Support (USB Keyboard, mouse)**
  - ◆ Requires tie-in to input device subsystem
- **Mass Storage Devices**
  - ◆ Requires tie-in to PALM File System
  - ◆ PALM natively supports FAT12/16

## Peripheral

- As a peripheral, the device controller driver is tied directly into the pre-existing PALM Sync subsystem